PostgreSQL Backups the Modern Way

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So, backups...

• Do you make them?

Backups

- Are not superseded by replication
- Or cloud
- Or containers
- ..

Backups

- Are boring
- But I'm glad you have them

Backups

• When did you last restore?

PostgreSQL backups

- Ok, enough generic
- What about backups in PostgreSQL?

Seen this before?

pg_dump options:

```
-Fc = custom format
-Z = compression
-j = parallel
-a = data only, -s = schema only
-n = schema, -t = table
....
```

pg_dump

- Don't use for backups
 - Has other good usecases
- Too slow to restore
- Too much overhead
- No PITR
- Exceptions, of course

Physical backups

- Base backups
- With or without log archive
- Fast restore
- Full cluster only
- Platform specific

Base backups

#!/bin/bash
set -e

psql -U postgres -q "SELECT pg_start_backup('foo')"

tar cfz /backup/\$(date +%Y%m%d) /var/lib/pgsql/data

psql -U postgres -q "SELECT pg_stop_backup()"

Base backups

So many ways to get that wrongSpot one?

Base backups

- This used to be the only way
- Many scripts around that does it
- Many of those are broken...

pg_basebackup

- Base backup over replication protocol
- Safe
- Error handling and recovery
- For *most* cases
 - (we'll cover other options later)

pg_basebackup

#!/bin/bash
set -e

pg_basebackup -D /backup/\$(date +%Y%m%d).tar -Ft -x

Needs replication

• Defaults need to change

• But for now:

wal_level = hot_standby
max_wal_senders = 5

local replication postgres peer

Backup formats

- plain
 - Safe copy of data directory
 - Not good with multiple tablespaces
- tar
 - Destination still a directory
 - Each tablespace gets one file
 - base.tar

Transaction log

- xlog required to restore backup
- From beginning of backup to end
- In the log archive, right?

Including xlog

- Always use -x or -X to include xlog
- Makes backup independently consistent
 - With or without log archive
 - May back up xlog twice
- Use even with log archive!

Including xlog

- -X fetch
 - Fetches xlog at end of backup
 - Can fail if xlog rotated
- -X stream
 - Replicates xlog over secondary connection
 - Fewer failure scenarios
 - Does not work with *tar*

Backup compression

pg_basebackup -Z

- Compression happens in pg_basebackup
- Tar format only
- CPU usage
- Remote server?

Transfer compression

- SSL compression
 - Much harder these days
- ssh tunneling

ssh mydbserver -c "pg_basebackup -Ft -D- -Z9" > backup.tgz

That's it!

- With that, you have backups
- That work
- And are (reasonably) safe

PITR

- Point in time recovery
- You all want it
- A bit more setting up

archive_command

- To use PITR, we use log archiving
- like this?

archive_command =
 'test ! -f /mnt/archivedir/%f && cp %p /mnt/archivedir/%f'

Don't do that!

- Runs on archive server
- Uses streaming replication
- Generates log archive

- More granular recovery
- Safe against server restarts
- Can follow timeline switches on master

- *Always* use with replication slot
 - As of 9.4
 - But we said modern..
- Backups *should* block

pg_receivexlog -D /log/archive -h master -S backup

• Ensure it's restarted!

Backup retention

- How long to keep around?
- What granularity?
- ...

Backup retention

- Recovery needs:
 - Base backup
 - All xlog from start to end
 - All xlog from end to pitr
- (that's why we use -x!)

Backup retention

- find is often enough
- Delete logs older than X, base older than Y
 Safe if -x was used!

```
#!/bin/bash
find /var/backups/basebackup -type f -mtime +30 -print0 |
   xargs -0 -r /bin/rm
find /var/backups/xlog -type f -mtime +7 -print0 |
   xargs -0 -r /bin/rm
```

Not enough?

- Handles the simple cases
- But has limitations
- Particularly in management

Other tools

- Barman
- pgBackRest

Barman

- Backup scheduling
- Log archiving
- Retention management
- Multi-server
- Restore shortcuts

Barman

- Developed by 2ndQuadrant
- Python
- GPLv3
- Primarily ssh+rsync
 - 1.6 just learned about pg_receivexlog!
 - Does not use pg_basebackup
 - No (safe) concurrent backup support

- Backup scheduling
- Log archiving
- Retention management
- Multi-server
- Restore shortcuts

- Developed by CrunchyData
- Perl
- MIT license
- ssh but not rsync

- Custom protocol
- Parallel backup sessions
- Full/Differential/Incremental
 - Segment based

- No pg_receivexlog support
- No concurrent backup support
- Yet



Don't roll your own!

Don't roll your own

- Too many pitfalls
- Both base backups and archiving
- Backups are too important!

Don't roll your own

- Primary choice
 - Built-in
 - If it's enough
- Secondary choice
 - pgBackRest
 - Barman
- Tertiary choice
 - Restart from top of slide

Thank you!

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